

Homework assignment

**Differentialgleichungen II**

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<http://dynamics.mi.fu-berlin.de/lectures/12WS-Gurevich-PDE/>

**due date: 14:00, Tuesday, December 4, 2012**

**Problem 23:**

- (i) Consider the equation

$$\Delta u(x) = f(x), \quad x \in Q,$$

where  $Q = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^2 : |x| < 1\}$ . Write a partial differential equation for the function  $v(r, \varphi) = u(r \cos \varphi, r \sin \varphi)$ .

- (ii) Consider the equation

$$\Delta u(x) = f(|x|), \quad x \in Q,$$

where  $Q = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : |x| < 1\}$ . Assume that  $u(x) = v(|x|)$ , where  $v$  is a real-valued function. Write an ordinary differential equation for the function  $v$ .

**Problem 24:**

- (i) Find all the eigenvalues and all the corresponding eigenfunctions of the following spectral problem

$$\begin{aligned} -e''(x) &= \lambda e(x), \quad x \in (0, l), \\ e(0) &= e(l), \quad e'(0) = e'(l), \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

where  $l = 2\pi$ .

- (ii) Find a solution of

$$\Delta u(x) = 0, \quad x \in Q,$$

and

(a)  $Q = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^2 : |x| < 1\}$

$$u|_{\partial Q} = g(\varphi),$$

(b)  $Q = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^2 : 1/2 < |x| < 2\}$

$$u|_{|x|=1/2} = g_1(\varphi),$$

$$u|_{|x|=2} = g_2(\varphi),$$

as a formal series

$$u = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} u_j(r) e_j(\varphi),$$

where  $\varphi$  is a polar angle and  $g, g_1, g_2$  are real-valued functions

**Hint:** Use (i). Note that in (a) the function should be bounded at 0.

**Problem 25:**

- (i) Find a function  $f \in L_2(Q)$ ,  $Q = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^2 : |x| < 1\}$  such that the generalized derivatives (from the space  $L_{2,loc}(Q)$ )  $f_{x_1}$  and  $f_{x_2}$  do not exist, but the generalized derivative  $f_{x_1 x_2}$  exists.
- (ii) In each of the following problems determine if the following generalized derivative (from the space  $L_{2,loc}(Q)$ ) exists, and if yes find it.
- (a)  $\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} f(x)$ , where  $f(x) = |x_1 x_2|$  in  $Q = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^2 : |x| < 1\}$ .
- (b)  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} f(x)$ , where  $f(x) = \sqrt{|x|}$  in  $Q = \{x \in \mathbb{R}, |x| < 1\}$ .
- (c)  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} f(x)$  and  $\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} f(x)$ , where

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ \sin x & x \geq 0, \end{cases}$$

in  $Q = \{x \in \mathbb{R}, |x| < 1\}$ .

**Problem 26:** Let  $Q$  be a domain in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

- (i) Let  $a \in C^k(\bar{Q})$  and let  $|D^\alpha a(x)|$  be bounded for all  $|\alpha| \leq k$ . Prove that for any  $f \in H^k(Q)$
- (a)  $(af)_{x_i} = a_{x_i} f + a f_{x_i}$ , where  $a_{x_i}$  is a classical derivative,  $(af)_{x_i}$  and  $f_{x_i}$  are generalized derivatives.
- (b)  $af \in H^k(Q)$  and  $\|af\|_{H^k(Q)} \leq C\|f\|_{H^k(Q)}$ , where  $C > 0$  does not depend on  $f$ .
- (ii) Let  $|\beta| \leq k$ . Prove that

$$D^\beta : H^k(Q) \rightarrow H^{k-|\beta|}(Q)$$

is a bounded linear operator.

- (iii) Let  $f \in H^k(Q)$  and let  $f_h$  be its mollifier ( $h > 0$ ). Prove that

$$\|f_h - f\|_{H^k(Q')} \rightarrow 0, \quad \text{as } h \rightarrow 0,$$

for any  $Q' \Subset Q$ .