Homework assignment Differentialgleichungen III Problem Sheet 10

Pavel Gurevich, Eyal Ron http://dynamics.mi.fu-berlin.de/lectures/13SS-Gurevich-Dynamics/ Tutorial discussion date: Friday, June 28, 2013, at 10:00am

Problem 1: Complete the details in the proof of the theorem of linear instability from the last lecture. In particular, show that

(i) Let $a \in X_1^{\alpha}$, $||a||_{\alpha} \leq \frac{\rho}{2M}$. Prove that

$$J(v)(t) := e^{-L_1(t-n)}a + \int_n^t e^{-L_1(t-s)}E_1g(v(s))ds + \int_{-\infty}^t e^{-L_2(t-s)}E_2g(v(s))ds, \qquad t \le n,$$

is a contraction on Ω , provided that ρ is small enough.

(ii) If $v \in \Omega$ is a solution of the integral equation $v(t) = J(v)(t), t \leq n$, then it is a solution of

$$\frac{dv}{dt} + Lv = g(v), \qquad t < n.$$

(iii) $||v(n)||_{\alpha} \ge \frac{1}{2} ||a||_{\alpha}.$

Problem 2: Consider the problem

$$\begin{cases} u_t = u_{xx} + \lambda(u - au^3), & x \in (0, \pi), \ t > 0, \\ u_{x=0} = u_{x=\pi} = 0, \\ u_{t=0} = u_0(x), \end{cases}$$

where $a \in \mathbb{R}, \lambda \neq 1$. Prove that the zero solution is asymptotically stable if $\lambda < 1$ and unstable if $\lambda > 1$.

Problem 3: Theorem (use without a proof): Assume the requirements of the theorem of linear instability hold, except that the requirements on $g(z), \sigma(L)$ are replaced by:

(i) for a constant p > 1

$$||f(u_0 + z) - f(u_0) - Bz|| = O(||z||_{\alpha}^p)$$

as $z \to 0$ in X^{α} .

(ii) $\sigma(L) \cap \{Re\lambda < 0\}$ is nonempty.

Then the equilibrium u_0 is unstable.

Problem: Let $f : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}^n$ be $C^{\infty}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and f(0) = 0. Let $u = (u_1, ..., u_n)^T$ and consider the problem

$$u_t = u_{xx} + f(u), \qquad x \in \mathbb{R}, \ t > 0.$$

$$\tag{1}$$

- (i) Show that (1) defines a local dynamical system near 0 in $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}) := \underbrace{H^1(\mathbb{R}) \times \ldots \times H^1(\mathbb{R})}_{n \text{ times}}.$
- (ii) Show that if all eigenvalues of the matrix f'(0) have negative real part, then the origin is asymptotically stable, and that if at least one eigenvalue of f'(0) has positive real part, then the origin is unstable.