

1. Exercise for Differential Equations I (SS 2016 V th)

Please finish until: Friday, April 29, 2016

Exercise 1. Which of the following equations is an ODE or can be transformed into one? (And if this is the case: how?) Which of those are explicit, possibly after some transformation?

- a) $\frac{t}{x(t)} + x'(t) = 0$ (1 point)
- b) $\sin(x'(t)) = tx(t)$ (1 point)
- c) $\sin(x(t)) = tx'(t)$ (1 point)
- d) $x'(t) = x(t - 1)$ (1 point)
- e) $x'(x(t) + t) = t$ (1 point)
- f) $\frac{dx(t,s)}{dt} = 2s^2t^2x(t,s)^2$ (2 points)
- g) $x(t) = \int_0^t sx(s)^2 ds$ (3 points)
- h) $x(t) = \int_0^t tx(s)^2 ds$ (4 points)

Exercise 2. Write explicitly the system associated to the 2nd order equation $\ddot{x} = \alpha x$ and sketch the phase portrait in the cases $\alpha = -2, 0, 1$. In particular, in which cases do you obtain closed trajectories?
(1 + 3 + 1 + 3 points)

Exercise 3. Draw some isoclines of $\dot{x} = t + \sin x$ and sketch some solution curves. (3 points)

Exercise 4. Let $T \in \mathbb{R}$ be fixed. A theorem of the lecture implies: A function x solves an autonomous (explicit or implicit) system on some interval I if (and only if) $y(t) = x(t + T)$ solves this system on the interval $I - T$.

- a) Formulate and prove a variant of this assertion for nonautonomous systems. (2 points)
- b) Formulate an analogous assertion for the time inversion $y(t) = x(-t)$ (for implicit systems of order n). (2 points)
- c) Answer the preceding question (time inversion) in particular for explicit autonomous systems of first order. (2 points).

Exercise 5. Prove Theorem 1.2. (2 points + 3 extra points + 3 points)